

EOG Resources Reports Second Quarter 2012 Results and Increases 2012 Crude Oil Production Growth Target to 37 Percent

HOUSTON, Aug. 2, 2012 /PRNewswire/ --

- Reports Strong Year-Over-Year Growth in Earnings Per Share, Discretionary Cash Flow and Adjusted EBITDAX
- Achieves 52 Percent Crude Oil and Condensate Production Increase and 49 Percent Increase in Total Liquids Production Over Second Quarter 2011
- Increases 2012 Total Company Crude Oil Production Growth Target to 37 Percent from 33 Percent and Full Year Total Company Total Liquids Growth Target to 35 Percent from 33 Percent
- Raises 2012 Total Company Production Growth Target to 9 Percent from 7 Percent with Unchanged 2012 Capital Expenditure Budget
- Realizes Premium Crude Oil Prices from Rail Offloading Facility at St. James, Louisiana
- Attains New Marketing Opportunities for Eagle Ford Volumes Through Recently Completed Third-Party Crude Oil Pipeline and Natural Gas Processing Plant and Pipelines
- Delivers Best Crude Oil Well to Date as Solid Execution of Eagle Ford Drilling Program Continues
- Sustains Successful Bakken Drilling Program in Core, Antelope Extension and Stateline Areas
- Closes on \$1.1 Billion of Asset Sales through June 30, 2012; Targets \$1.2 to \$1.25 Billion of Sales for Full Year 2012

[EOG Resources, Inc.](#) (NYSE: EOG) ([EOG](#)) today reported second quarter 2012 net income of \$395.8 million, or \$1.47 per share. This compares to second quarter 2011 net income of \$295.6 million, or \$1.10 per share.

Consistent with some analysts' practice of matching realizations to settlement months and making certain other adjustments in order to exclude one-time items, adjusted non-GAAP net income for the second quarter 2012 was \$312.4 million, or \$1.16 per share. Adjusted non-GAAP net income for the second quarter 2011 was \$299.2 million, or \$1.11 per share. The results for the second quarter 2012 included impairments of \$1.5 million, net of tax (\$0.01 per share) related to certain non-core North American assets, net gains on asset dispositions of \$75.1 million, net of tax (\$0.28 per share) and a previously disclosed non-cash net gain of \$188.4 million (\$120.7 million after tax, or \$0.45 per share) on the mark-to-market of financial commodity contracts. During the quarter, the net cash inflow related to financial commodity contracts was \$173.2 million (\$110.9 million after tax, or \$0.41 per share). (Please refer to the attached tables for the reconciliation of adjusted non-GAAP net income to GAAP net income.)

With 86 percent of North American wellhead revenues currently derived from crude oil, condensate and natural gas liquids, EOG delivered strong earnings per share growth of 64 percent for the first half of 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. Discretionary cash flow increased 29 percent and adjusted EBITDAX rose 28 percent over the first half of 2011. (Please refer to the attached tables for the reconciliation of non-GAAP discretionary cash flow to net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP) and adjusted EBITDAX (non-GAAP) to income before interest expense and income taxes (GAAP).)

"EOG's financial and operating results get better and better. We are achieving this consistent string of home runs because EOG has captured the finest inventory of onshore crude oil assets in the entire United States and has the technical acumen to maximize reserve recoveries," said Mark G. Papa, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. "EOG is the largest crude oil producer in the South Texas Eagle Ford and North Dakota Bakken with the sweet spot positions in both plays. In addition, we are uniquely positioned to market a significant portion of this crude oil at robust Brent-type pricing through our own rail offloading facility at St. James, Louisiana, and to reach the Houston Gulf Coast market via the recently completed Enterprise Eagle Ford pipeline."

Operational Highlights

Due to robust operational results from the Eagle Ford and Bakken plays, EOG's total crude oil and condensate production for the second quarter 2012 increased 52 percent compared to the second quarter 2011. Total crude oil, condensate and natural gas liquids production increased 49 percent over the same period in 2011. Based on these outstanding results, together with contributions from its West Texas Wolfcamp and New Mexico Leonard horizontal shale plays, EOG has increased its 2012 total company crude oil and condensate production growth target to 37 percent from 33 percent and its total liquids production growth target to 35 percent from 33 percent. Overall, EOG has increased its total company full year 2012 production growth target to 9 percent from 7 percent with no changes to its capital expenditure budget.

In the South Texas Eagle Ford, EOG drilled its best well to date. The Boothe Unit #10H in Gonzales County began initial production at 4,820 barrels of oil per day (Bopd) while an offset well, the Boothe Unit #9H, had an initial production rate of 3,708 Bopd. The Boothe wells produced 972 and 527 barrels per day (Bpd) of natural gas liquids (NGLs) and 4.5 and 2.4 million cubic feet per day (MMcfd) of associated natural gas production, respectively.

"We continually focus on making better wells and with an initial flow rate in excess of 4,800 barrels of crude oil per day, EOG's

Boothe Unit #10H is clearly the top producing oil well in the entire Eagle Ford play to date," Papa added.

Drilled from the same pad as the Boothe wells to minimize costs, the Dreyer Unit #19H and #20H were turned to sales at initial rates of 3,703 and 2,650 Bopd with 460 and 300 Bpd of NGLs and 2.1 and 1.4 MMcfd of natural gas, respectively. EOG has 100 percent working interest in these four wells.

Also in Gonzales County, the Henkhaus Unit #9H, #10H and #11H flowed at individual initial well rates of 4,184, 3,546, and 4,140 Bopd, with 633, 730 and 670 Bpd of NGLs and 2.9, 3.4 and 3.1 MMcfd of natural gas, respectively. The Guadalupe Unit #5H, #6H, #7H and #8H were turned to sales early in the second quarter at initial individual crude oil production rates ranging from 2,675 to 3,900 Bopd with 175 to 590 Bpd of NGLs and 800 thousand cubic feet per day (Mcf) to 2.7 MMcfd of natural gas. EOG has 100 percent working interest in these seven wells.

In Karnes County, the Crews Unit #1H, #2H, #3H, #4H and #5H initially produced at individual well rates ranging from 2,645 to 2,986 Bopd with 193 to 390 Bpd of NGLs and 900 Mcfd to 1.8 MMcfd of natural gas. EOG has 100 percent working interest in these five wells.

EOG's marketing options for its prolific Eagle Ford production expanded in July when Enterprise Products Partners L.P. (Enterprise) began first commercial operation of the first phase of a 24-inch crude oil pipeline linking the Eagle Ford with extensive Houston area refining markets. Enterprise also has commissioned a new natural gas processing plant, as well as rich natural gas pipelines to gather and transport production to its Mont Belvieu NGL complex.

In the Bakken, EOG's 90,000 net acre Core Parshall Field has evolved into a growth engine fueled by success from drilling wells on tighter densities. Initial infill drilling results in the over-pressured Core area and simultaneous increased production rates from proximate existing wells indicate significant amounts of recoverable crude oil remain. In an effort to improve recovery of the resource in place, EOG plans to further develop the Core on 320-acre spacing and test even tighter drilling densities.

During the second quarter, EOG reported a number of favorable results from its ongoing infill drilling program in the Core area. In Mountrail County, the Liberty LR 12-11H and Liberty LR 15-26H tested at 1,037 and 1,114 Bopd with 720 and 552 Mcfd of natural gas, respectively. EOG has 66 percent and 95 percent working interest in the wells, respectively. Also in the Core area, the Fertile 42-3231H and the Fertile 49-3024H came online at 1,063 Bopd with 408 Mcfd of natural gas and 928 Bopd with 365 Mcfd of natural gas, respectively. EOG has 69 percent and 80 percent working interest, respectively, in the wells.

In McKenzie County, North Dakota, 25 miles southwest of the Bakken Core, EOG is realizing economic production from its inventory of both Bakken and Three Forks drilling locations on its Antelope Extension prospect. EOG has 94 percent working interest in the Riverview 04-3031H drilled in the Bakken and the Riverview 100-3031H drilled in the Three Forks. The wells had initial production rates of 1,863 Bopd with 730 Mcfd of natural gas and 1,834 Bopd with 1.3 MMcfd of natural gas, respectively. Completed in the Bakken, the Clarks Creek 10-0805H initially produced 1,478 Bopd with 576 Mcfd of natural gas, while the Clarks Creek 100-0805H had an initial rate of 1,437 Bopd with 635 Mcfd of natural gas from the Three Forks. EOG has 85 percent working interest in the two wells. Also in the Antelope prospect, the Mandaree 16-04H, in which EOG has 90 percent working interest, produced 1,059 Bopd with 960 Mcfd of natural gas from the Bakken formation. In Roosevelt County, Montana, EOG completed the Stateline 08-3328H, with an initial production rate of 1,260 Bopd with 687 Mcfd of natural gas. EOG has 39 percent working interest in the well.

Having identified a large, multi-year drilling inventory on its Bakken Core, Antelope Extension and Stateline acreage, EOG expects to post crude oil production growth from North Dakota and Montana in 2013 and beyond.

In the West Texas and New Mexico Permian Basin, EOG is operating a seven-rig drilling program. Five rigs are operating in the Texas Wolfcamp horizontal shale play in Irion, Crockett and Reagan counties where drilling operations are defining the pervasiveness of the Wolfcamp middle interval across EOG's acreage. During the second quarter and early July, a number of wells from the middle Wolfcamp were brought to sales. In Irion County, the Munson #1001H, #1002H and #1003H came on-line at 1,110, 856 and 1,015 Bopd with 80, 70 and 40 Bpd of NGLs and 455, 405 and 230 Mcfd of natural gas, respectively. EOG has 85 percent working interest in these three Munson wells. The University 43A-#0802H, 43A-#0803H, 43A-#0805H and 43A-#0807H began production at individual initial rates ranging from 610 to 760 Bopd with 35 to 105 Bpd of NGLs and 200 to 590 Mcfd of natural gas. EOG has 50 percent working interest in these four Irion County University 43A wells.

EOG is operating two rigs in the New Mexico Leonard horizontal shale play in Eddy and Lea counties. The Ross Draw 8 Fed #2H had 722 Bopd of initial production with 270 Bpd of NGLs and 1.9 MMcfd of natural gas. The Ross Gulch 8 Fed Com #1H began sales at 540 Bopd with 145 Bpd of NGLs and 990 Mcfd of natural gas. EOG has 88 and 91 percent working interest in these Eddy County wells, respectively. In Lea County, EOG has 100 percent working interest in the Pitchblende 29 Fed Com #1H, which had an initial production rate of 1,026 Bopd with 120 Bpd of NGLs and 650 Mcfd of natural gas. This significant step-out well sets up numerous additional drilling locations. Early in the third quarter, EOG completed the Vaca 14 Fed #4H in Lea County with first sales of 986 Bopd with 200 Bpd of NGLs and 1.1 MMcfd of natural gas. EOG has 100 percent working interest in the well. Following the Eagle Ford and Bakken, EOG's Permian Basin operation was the third largest contributor to its crude oil and condensate production growth during the second quarter.

Crude Oil and Liquids Activity

"We increased EOG's 2012 crude oil production growth target to 37 percent based on the strength of our drilling results for the first half of the year. This new goal sets EOG up to achieve an all-organic, five-year compounded annual crude oil production growth rate of 38 percent through year-end 2012," Papa said.

"Looking ahead, we expect EOG's resource-rich portfolio will continue to generate high crude oil production growth rates for a long time," Papa added.

Natural Gas Activity

Due to the ongoing weakness in natural gas pricing, EOG plans to further decrease drilling activity on its dry gas resource plays in the second half of 2012. Through active drilling programs in prior years and 2012 to date, EOG has captured strategic natural gas acreage in the Uinta, Horn River, Barnett, Haynesville and Marcellus plays. When natural gas prices rebound, EOG will hold an attractive portfolio of natural gas resources for future development.

Hedging Activity

EOG has hedged approximately 22 percent of its North American crude oil production from August 1 to December 31, 2012. EOG has crude oil financial price swap contracts in place for an average of 35,600 Bpd at a weighted average price of \$106.69 per barrel, excluding unexercised options. For the period January 1 to June 30, 2013, EOG has crude oil financial price swap contracts in place for an average of 16,000 barrels per day at a weighted average price of \$98.12.

EOG has hedged approximately 45 percent of its North American natural gas production for 2012. For the period September 1 through December 31, 2012, EOG has natural gas financial price swap contracts in place for 525,000 million British thermal units per day (MMBtud) at a weighted average price of \$5.44 per million British thermal units (MMBtu), excluding unexercised options. For 2013, EOG has natural gas financial price swap contracts in place for 150,000 MMBtud at a weighted average price of \$4.79 per MMBtu, excluding unexercised options. (For a comprehensive summary of EOG's crude oil and natural gas derivative contracts, please refer to the attached tables.)

Capital Structure

Through June 30, 2012 EOG's cash proceeds from asset sales were approximately \$1,112 million. EOG is targeting total asset sales for the year of \$1.2 to \$1.25 billion. At June 30, 2012, EOG's total debt outstanding was \$5,012 million for a debt-to-total capitalization ratio of 27 percent. Taking into account cash on the balance sheet of \$280 million at the end of the second quarter, EOG's net debt was \$4,732 million for a net debt-to-total capitalization ratio of 26 percent. (Please refer to the attached tables for the reconciliation of net debt (non-GAAP) to long-term debt (GAAP) and the reconciliation of net debt-to-total capitalization ratio (non-GAAP) to debt-to-total capitalization ratio (GAAP).)

"By harnessing our team's outstanding technical expertise and innovative marketing strengths to EOG's exceptional asset base, during the first half of 2012 we achieved a number of our corporate goals. EOG reported growth in earnings per share, discretionary cash flow and adjusted EBITDAX. With our tremendous momentum, we increased our crude oil production growth target twice, achieved our asset sales goal and maintained a strong balance sheet," Papa said. "Moving into the second half of the year, our focus is on realizing our 2012 goal of 37 percent crude oil production growth while we moderate our drilling activity level to stay within our capital budget."

Conference Call Scheduled for August 3, 2012

EOG's second quarter 2012 results conference call will be available via live audio webcast at 8 a.m. Central time (9 a.m. Eastern time) on Friday, August 3, 2012. To listen, log on to www.eogresources.com. The webcast will be archived on EOG's website through August 17, 2012.

EOG Resources, Inc. is one of the largest independent (non-integrated) crude oil and natural gas companies in the United States with proved reserves in the United States, Canada, Trinidad, the United Kingdom and China. EOG Resources, Inc. is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and is traded under the ticker symbol "EOG."

This press release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, including, among others, statements and projections regarding EOG's future financial position, operations, performance, business strategy, returns, budgets, reserves, levels of production and costs and statements regarding the plans and objectives of EOG's management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. EOG typically uses words such as "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "strategy," "intend," "plan," "target," "goal," "may," "will" and "believe" or the negative of those terms or other variations or comparable terminology to identify its forward-looking statements. In particular, statements, express or implied, concerning EOG's future operating results and returns or EOG's ability to replace or increase reserves, increase production, generate income or cash flows or pay dividends are forward-looking statements. Forward-

looking statements are not guarantees of performance. Although EOG believes the expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements are reasonable and are based on reasonable assumptions, no assurance can be given that these assumptions are accurate or that any of these expectations will be achieved (in full or at all) or will prove to have been correct. Moreover, EOG's forward-looking statements may be affected by known and unknown risks, events or circumstances that may be outside EOG's control. Important factors that could cause EOG's actual results to differ materially from the expectations reflected in EOG's forward-looking statements include, among others:

- the timing and extent of changes in prices for, and demand for, crude oil and condensate, natural gas liquids, natural gas and related commodities;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to acquire or discover additional reserves;
- the extent to which EOG can optimize reserve recovery and economically develop its plays utilizing horizontal and vertical drilling, advanced completion technologies and hydraulic fracturing;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to economically develop its acreage in, and to produce reserves and achieve anticipated production levels from, its existing and future crude oil and natural gas exploration and development projects, given the risks and uncertainties and capital expenditure requirements inherent in drilling, completing and operating crude oil and natural gas wells and the potential for interruptions of development and production, whether involuntary or intentional as a result of market or other conditions;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to market its crude oil, natural gas and related commodity production;
- the availability, proximity and capacity of, and costs associated with, gathering, processing, compression and transportation facilities;
- the availability, cost, terms and timing of issuance or execution of, and competition for, mineral licenses and leases and governmental and other permits and rights-of-way;
- the impact of, and changes in, government policies, laws and regulations, including tax laws and regulations, environmental laws and regulations relating to air emissions, waste disposal, hydraulic fracturing and access to and use of water, laws and regulations imposing conditions and restrictions on drilling and completion operations and laws and regulations with respect to derivatives and hedging activities;
- EOG's ability to effectively integrate acquired crude oil and natural gas properties into its operations, fully identify existing and potential problems with respect to such properties and accurately estimate reserves, production and costs with respect to such properties;
- the extent to which EOG's third-party-operated crude oil and natural gas properties are operated successfully and economically;
- competition in the oil and gas exploration and production industry for employees and other personnel, equipment, materials and services and, related thereto, the availability and cost of employees and other personnel, equipment, materials and services;
- the accuracy of reserve estimates, which by their nature involve the exercise of professional judgment and may therefore be imprecise;
- weather, including its impact on crude oil and natural gas demand, and weather-related delays in drilling and in the installation and operation of production, gathering, processing, compression and transportation facilities;
- the ability of EOG's customers and other contractual counterparties to satisfy their obligations to EOG and, related thereto, to access the credit and capital markets to obtain financing needed to satisfy their obligations to EOG;
- EOG's ability to access the commercial paper market and other credit and capital markets to obtain financing on terms it deems acceptable, if at all, and to otherwise satisfy its capital expenditure requirements;
- the extent and effect of any hedging activities engaged in by EOG;
- the timing and extent of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, inflation rates, global and domestic financial market conditions and global and domestic general economic conditions;
- political developments around the world, including in the areas in which EOG operates;
- the use of competing energy sources and the development of alternative energy sources;
- the extent to which EOG incurs uninsured losses and liabilities or losses and liabilities in excess of its insurance coverage;
- acts of war and terrorism and responses to these acts; and
- the other factors described under Item 1A, "Risk Factors," on pages 15 through 23 of EOG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 and any updates to those factors set forth in EOG's subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or Current Reports on Form 8-K.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the events anticipated by EOG's forward-looking statements may not occur, and, if any of such events do, we may not have anticipated the timing of their occurrence or the extent of their impact on our actual results. Accordingly, you should not place any undue reliance on any of EOG's forward-looking statements. EOG's forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and EOG undertakes no obligation, other than as required by applicable law, to update or revise its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events, anticipated or unanticipated circumstances or otherwise.

Effective January 1, 2010, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose not only "proved" reserves (i.e., quantities of oil and gas that are estimated to be

recoverable with a high degree of confidence), but also "probable" reserves (i.e., quantities of oil and gas that are as likely as not to be recovered) as well as "possible" reserves (i.e., additional quantities of oil and gas that might be recovered, but with a lower probability than probable reserves). As noted above, statements of reserves are only estimates and may not correspond to the ultimate quantities of oil and gas recovered. Any reserve estimates provided in this press release that are not specifically designated as being estimates of proved reserves may include "potential" reserves and/or other estimated reserves not necessarily calculated in accordance with, or contemplated by, the SEC's latest reserve reporting guidelines. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in EOG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, available from EOG at P.O. Box 4362, Houston, Texas 77210-4362 (Attn: Investor Relations). You can also obtain this report from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330 or from the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. In addition, reconciliation and calculation schedules for non-GAAP financial measures can be found on the EOG website at www.eogresources.com.

For Further Information Contact: Investors

Maire A. Baldwin
(713) 651-6EOG (651-6364)
Elizabeth M. Ivers
(713) 651-7132

Media

K Leonard
(713) 571-3870

**EOG RESOURCES, INC.
FINANCIAL REPORT
(Unaudited; in millions, except per share data)**

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net Operating Revenues	\$ 2,909.3	\$ 2,570.3	\$ 5,716.0	\$ 4,467.4
Net Income	\$ 395.8	\$ 295.6	\$ 719.8	\$ 429.5
Net Income Per Share				
Basic	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.11	\$ 2.70	\$ 1.65
Diluted	\$ 1.47	\$ 1.10	\$ 2.67	\$ 1.63
Average Number of Common Shares				
Basic	266.9	265.8	266.7	259.8
Diluted	270.0	269.3	270.1	263.4

**SUMMARY INCOME STATEMENTS
(Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)**

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net Operating Revenues				
Crude Oil and Condensate	\$ 1,376,250	\$ 938,518	\$ 2,686,585	\$ 1,695,880
Natural Gas Liquids	150,023	183,805	348,333	332,532
Natural Gas	359,421	599,993	726,705	1,183,912
Gains on Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts	188,449	189,621	322,657	122,875
Gathering, Processing and Marketing	710,748	487,698	1,428,905	883,281
Gains on Asset Dispositions, Net	113,290	163,771	180,758	235,513
Other, Net	11,138	6,844	22,027	13,363
Total	2,909,319	2,570,250	5,715,970	4,467,356
Operating Expenses				
Lease and Well	250,756	216,695	512,251	431,784
Transportation Costs	135,393	101,965	267,235	199,598
Gathering and Processing Costs	20,588	17,716	46,180	36,912
Exploration Costs	48,149	41,238	90,956	92,147
Dry Hole Costs	11,081	1,676	11,081	24,627
Impairments	54,217	358,654	187,364	447,982
Marketing Costs	694,118	469,437	1,399,586	854,846

Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization General and Administrative	808,765 75,727	602,944 67,406	1,557,508 151,996	1,171,170 137,443
Taxes Other Than Income	<u>118,186</u>	<u>104,266</u>	<u>239,702</u>	<u>210,143</u>
Total	<u>2,216,980</u>	<u>1,981,997</u>	<u>4,463,859</u>	<u>3,606,652</u>
Operating Income	692,339	588,253	1,252,111	860,704
Other Income, Net	<u>4,675</u>	<u>6,224</u>	<u>15,306</u>	<u>9,828</u>
Income Before Interest Expense and Income Taxes	697,014	594,477	1,267,417	870,532
Interest Expense, Net	<u>50,775</u>	<u>51,253</u>	<u>101,044</u>	<u>101,586</u>
Income Before Income Taxes	646,239	543,224	1,166,373	768,946
Income Tax Provision	<u>250,461</u>	<u>247,650</u>	<u>446,586</u>	<u>339,399</u>
Net Income	\$ <u>395,778</u>	\$ <u>295,574</u>	\$ <u>719,787</u>	\$ <u>429,547</u>
Dividends Declared per Common Share	\$ <u>0.17</u>	\$ <u>0.16</u>	\$ <u>0.34</u>	\$ <u>0.32</u>

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Wellhead Volumes and Prices				
Crude Oil and Condensate Volumes (MBbld) ^(A)				
United States	150.5	92.3	140.7	86.8
Canada	6.4	8.8	7.0	8.6
Trinidad	1.7	3.3	1.9	3.9
Other International ^(B)	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Total	<u>158.7</u>	<u>104.5</u>	<u>149.7</u>	<u>99.4</u>
Average Crude Oil and Condensate Prices (\$/Bbl) ^(C)				
United States	\$ 95.80	\$ 99.50	\$ 98.61	\$ 94.05
Canada	82.78	102.65	86.33	93.65
Trinidad	88.68	99.49	94.76	92.33
Other International ^(B)	91.20	101.52	96.49	93.67
Composite	95.20	99.77	98.00	93.95
Natural Gas Liquids Volumes (MBbld) ^(A)				
United States	54.6	38.4	52.4	36.5
Canada	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Total	<u>55.5</u>	<u>39.1</u>	<u>53.3</u>	<u>37.3</u>
Average Natural Gas Liquids Prices (\$/Bbl) ^(C)				
United States	\$ 33.54	\$ 51.50	\$ 38.12	\$ 49.21
Canada	42.89	60.39	46.54	52.77
Composite	33.72	51.65	38.27	49.29
Natural Gas Volumes (MMcfd) ^(A)				
United States	1,070	1,114	1,067	1,124
Canada	96	139	100	141
Trinidad	422	349	396	367
Other International ^(B)	<u>10</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>13</u>
Total	<u>1,598</u>	<u>1,615</u>	<u>1,573</u>	<u>1,645</u>
Average Natural Gas Prices (\$/Mcf) ^(C)				
United States	\$ 2.09	\$ 4.24	\$ 2.28	\$ 4.17
Canada	2.21	4.16	2.33	3.91
Trinidad	3.42	3.51	3.21	3.35
Other International ^(B)	5.64	5.61	5.72	5.62
Composite	2.47	4.08	2.54	3.98

Crude Oil Equivalent Volumes (MBoed) ^(D)				
United States	383.3	316.4	370.9	310.7
Canada	23.4	32.6	24.6	32.9
Trinidad	72.0	61.4	67.9	65.0
Other International ^(B)	<u>1.8</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>2.3</u>
Total	<u>480.5</u>	<u>412.6</u>	<u>465.2</u>	<u>410.9</u>
Total MMBoe ^(D)	43.7	37.5	84.7	74.4

(A) Thousand barrels per day or million cubic feet per day, as applicable.

(B) Other International includes EOG's United Kingdom, China and Argentina operations.

(C) Dollars per barrel or per thousand cubic feet, as applicable. Excludes the impact of financial commodity derivative instruments.

(D) Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day or million barrels of oil equivalent, as applicable; includes crude oil and condensate, natural gas liquids and natural gas. Crude oil equivalents are determined using the ratio of 1.0 barrel of crude oil and condensate or natural gas liquids to 6.0 thousand cubic feet of natural gas. MMBoe is calculated by multiplying the MBoed amount by the number of days in the period and then dividing that amount by one thousand.

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
SUMMARY BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited; in thousands, except share data)

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2011</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 280,374	\$ 615,726
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,375,092	1,451,227
Inventories	620,260	590,594
Assets from Price Risk Management Activities	421,135	450,730
Income Taxes Receivable	28,448	26,609
Other	<u>222,749</u>	<u>119,052</u>
Total	2,948,058	3,253,938
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Oil and Gas Properties (Successful Efforts Method)	35,562,446	33,664,435
Other Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>2,375,862</u>	<u>2,149,989</u>
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	37,938,308	35,814,424
Less: Accumulated Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	<u>(15,248,594)</u>	<u>(14,525,600)</u>
Total Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	22,689,714	21,288,824
Other Assets	<u>360,805</u>	<u>296,035</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 25,998,577</u>	<u>\$ 24,838,797</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,235,637	\$ 2,033,615
Accrued Taxes Payable	142,223	147,105
Dividends Payable	45,441	42,578
Deferred Income Taxes	121,059	135,989
Other	<u>135,580</u>	<u>163,032</u>
Total	2,679,940	2,522,319
Long-Term Debt	5,011,893	5,009,166
Other Liabilities	791,297	799,189
Deferred Income Taxes	4,160,306	3,867,219
Commitments and Contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par, 640,000,000 Shares Authorized and 270,226,599 Shares Issued at June 30, 2012 and 269,323,084 Shares Issued at December 31, 2011	202,702	202,693
Additional Paid in Capital	2,374,122	2,272,052
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	400,086	401,746
Retained Earnings	10,417,405	9,789,345
Common Stock Held in Treasury, 419,651 Shares at June 30, 2012		

and 303,633 Shares at December 31, 2011

Total Stockholders' Equity

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

	<u>(39,174)</u>	<u>(24,932)</u>
	13,355,141	12,640,904
	\$ <u>25,998,577</u>	\$ <u>24,838,797</u>

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
SUMMARY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited; in thousands)

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2012	2011
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Net Income	\$ 719,787	\$ 429,547
Items Not Requiring (Providing) Cash		
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	1,557,508	1,171,170
Impairments	187,364	447,982
Stock-Based Compensation Expenses	55,466	53,427
Deferred Income Taxes	278,826	206,130
Gains on Asset Dispositions, Net	(180,758)	(235,513)
Other, Net	(3,404)	(834)
Dry Hole Costs	11,081	24,627
Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts		
Total Gains	(322,657)	(122,875)
Realized Gains	306,780	31,285
Excess Tax Benefits from Stock-Based Compensation	(22,115)	-
Other, Net	9,890	13,268
Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities		
Accounts Receivable	115,419	(165,300)
Inventories	(103,576)	(127,062)
Accounts Payable	176,355	189,250
Accrued Taxes Payable	14,363	94,311
Other Assets	(102,303)	(4,796)
Other Liabilities	(27,355)	(12,017)
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities	<u>(97,453)</u>	<u>76,640</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,573,218	2,069,240
Investing Cash Flows		
Additions to Oil and Gas Properties	(3,748,278)	(3,122,567)
Additions to Other Property, Plant and Equipment	(315,542)	(340,140)
Proceeds from Sales of Assets	1,111,517	944,481
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing Activities	<u>97,746</u>	<u>(76,852)</u>
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(2,854,557)	(2,595,078)
Financing Cash Flows		
Common Stock Sold	-	1,388,270
Dividends Paid	(88,892)	(81,562)
Excess Tax Benefits from Stock-Based Compensation	22,115	-
Treasury Stock Purchased	(22,663)	(16,736)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised and Employee Stock Purchase Plan	32,986	24,619
Other, Net	<u>(293)</u>	<u>212</u>
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(56,747)	1,314,803
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	<u>2,734</u>	<u>(380)</u>
(Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(335,352)	788,585
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	<u>615,726</u>	<u>788,853</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ <u>280,374</u>	\$ <u>1,577,438</u>

EOG RESOURCES, INC.

**QUANTITATIVE RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED NET INCOME (NON-GAAP)
TO NET INCOME (GAAP)**

(Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

The following chart adjusts the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 reported Net Income (GAAP) to reflect actual net cash realized from financial commodity price transactions by eliminating the unrealized mark-to-market gains from these transactions, to add back impairment charges related to certain of EOG's North American assets in 2012 and 2011 and to eliminate the net gains on asset dispositions primarily in North America in 2012 and 2011. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust reported company earnings to match realizations to production settlement months and make certain other adjustments to exclude non-recurring items. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Reported Net Income (GAAP)	\$ 395,778	\$ 295,574	\$ 719,787	\$ 429,547
Mark-to-Market (MTM) Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact				
Total Gains	(188,449)	(189,621)	(322,657)	(122,875)
Realized Gains	173,179	6,348	306,780	31,285
Subtotal	(15,270)	(183,273)	(15,877)	(91,590)
After-Tax MTM Impact	(9,776)	(117,281)	(10,165)	(58,641)
Add: Impairment of Certain North American Assets, Net of Tax	1,526	226,177	38,575	256,460
Less: Net Gains on Asset Dispositions, Net of Tax	(75,087)	(105,224)	(118,298)	(151,110)
Adjusted Net Income (Non-GAAP)	\$ 312,441	\$ 299,246	\$ 629,899	\$ 476,256
Net Income Per Share (GAAP)				
Basic	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.11	\$ 2.70	\$ 1.65
Diluted	\$ 1.47	\$ 1.10	\$ 2.67 (a)	\$ 1.63 (b)
Percentage Increase - [(a) - (b)] / (b)			64%	
Adjusted Net Income Per Share (Non-GAAP)				
Basic	\$ 1.17	\$ 1.13	\$ 2.36	\$ 1.83
Diluted	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.11	\$ 2.33	\$ 1.81
Average Number of Common Shares				
Basic	266,874	265,830	266,718	259,766
Diluted	269,985	269,332	270,083	263,363

EOG RESOURCES, INC.

**QUANTITATIVE RECONCILIATION OF DISCRETIONARY CASH FLOW (NON-GAAP)
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (GAAP)**

(Unaudited; in thousands)

The following chart reconciles the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP) to Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP). EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities for Exploration Costs (excluding Stock-Based Compensation Expenses), Excess Tax Benefits from Stock-Based Compensation, Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities, and Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP)	\$ 1,495,613	\$ 1,111,752	\$ 2,573,218	\$ 2,069,240
Adjustments				
Exploration Costs (excluding Stock-Based Compensation Expenses)	41,890	35,775	78,078	80,542
Excess Tax Benefits from Stock-Based Compensation	5,464	-	22,115	-
Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities				

Accounts Receivable	(205,367)	51,445	(115,419)	165,300
Inventories	113,784	59,329	103,576	127,062
Accounts Payable	60,270	(23,753)	(176,355)	(189,250)
Accrued Taxes Payable	(19,526)	(14,563)	(14,363)	(94,311)
Other Assets	(6,537)	(13,860)	102,303	4,796
Other Liabilities	22,296	20,638	27,355	12,017
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities	<u>(126,222)</u>	<u>(74,655)</u>	<u>97,453</u>	<u>(76,640)</u>
Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)	\$ <u>1,381,665</u>	\$ <u>1,152,108</u>	\$ <u>2,697,961</u> (a)	\$ <u>2,098,756</u> (b)

Percentage Increase - [(a) - (b)] / (b)

29%

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
QUANTITATIVE RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST EXPENSE,
INCOME TAXES, DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION AND AMORTIZATION, EXPLORATION COSTS,
DRY HOLE COSTS, IMPAIRMENTS AND ADDITIONAL ITEMS (ADJUSTED EBITDAX)
(NON-GAAP) TO INCOME BEFORE INTEREST EXPENSE AND INCOME TAXES (GAAP)
(Unaudited; in thousands)

The following chart adjusts the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 reported Income Before Interest Expense and Income Taxes (GAAP) to Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization, Exploration Costs, Dry Hole Costs and Impairments (EBITDAX) (Non-GAAP) and further adjusts such amount to reflect actual net cash realized from financial commodity derivative transactions by eliminating the unrealized mark-to-market (MTM) (gains) losses from these transactions and to eliminate the net gains on asset dispositions primarily in North America in 2012 and 2011. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust reported Income Before Interest Expense and Income Taxes (GAAP) to add back Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization, Exploration Costs, Dry Hole Costs and Impairments and further adjust such amount to match realizations to production settlement months and make certain other adjustments to exclude non-recurring items. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Income Before Interest Expense and Income Taxes (GAAP)	\$ 697,014	\$ 594,477	\$ 1,267,417	\$ 870,532
Adjustments:				
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	808,765	602,944	1,557,508	1,171,170
Exploration Costs	48,149	41,238	90,956	92,147
Dry Hole Costs	11,081	1,676	11,081	24,627
Impairments	54,217	358,654	187,364	447,982
EBITDAX (Non-GAAP)	1,619,226	1,598,989	3,114,326	2,606,458
Total (Gains) Losses on MTM Commodity Derivative Contracts	(188,449)	(189,621)	(322,657)	(122,875)
Realized Gains on MTM Commodity Derivative Contracts	173,179	6,348	306,780	31,285
Net Gains on Asset Dispositions	(113,290)	(163,771)	(180,758)	(235,513)
Adjusted EBITDAX (Non-GAAP)	\$ <u>1,490,666</u>	\$ <u>1,251,945</u>	\$ <u>2,917,691</u> (a)	\$ <u>2,279,355</u> (b)

Percentage Increase - [(a) - (b)] / (b)

28%

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL GAS FINANCIAL
COMMODITY DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

Presented below is a comprehensive summary of EOG's crude oil and natural gas derivative contracts at August 2, 2012, with notional volumes expressed in Bbld and MMBtud and prices expressed in \$/Bbl and \$/MMBtu. EOG accounts for financial commodity derivative contracts using the mark-to-market accounting method.

CRUDE OIL DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS		
	Volume	Weighted
	(Bbld)	Average Price
		(\$/Bbl)
2012 (1)		
January 1, 2012 through February 29, 2012 (closed)	34,000	\$104.95
March 1, 2012 through June 30, 2012 (closed)	52,000	105.80
July 2012 (closed)	50,000	106.90
August 2012	50,000	106.90

September 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012	32,000	106.61
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2013 (2)

January 1, 2013 through June 30, 2013	16,000	\$98.12
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- (1) EOG has entered into crude oil derivative contracts which give counterparties the option to extend certain current derivative contracts for an additional six-month period. Options covering a notional volume of 18,000 Bbl are exercisable on August 31, 2012. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing crude oil derivative contracts will increase by 18,000 Bbl at an average price of \$107.42 per barrel for the period September 1, 2012 through February 28, 2013. Options covering a notional volume of 15,000 Bbl are exercisable on December 31, 2012. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing crude oil derivative contracts will increase by 15,000 Bbl at an average price of \$110.03 per barrel for the period January 1, 2013 through June 30, 2013.
- (2) EOG has entered into crude oil derivative contracts which give counterparties the option to extend certain current derivative contracts for an additional six-month period. Options covering a notional volume of 16,000 Bbl are exercisable on June 28, 2013. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing crude oil derivative contracts will increase by 16,000 Bbl at an average price of \$98.12 per barrel for the period July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013.

NATURAL GAS DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

	Volume (MMBtud)	Weighted Average Price (\$/MMBtu)
2012 (3)		
January 1, 2012 through August 31, 2012 (closed)	525,000	\$5.44
September 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012	525,000	\$5.44
2013 (4)		
January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013	150,000	\$4.79
2014 (5)		

- (3) EOG has entered into natural gas derivative contracts which give counterparties the option of entering into derivative contracts at future dates. Such options are exercisable monthly up until the settlement date of each monthly contract. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing natural gas derivative contracts will increase by 425,000 MMBtud at an average price of \$5.44 per MMBtu for the period from September 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012.
- (4) EOG has entered into natural gas derivative contracts which give counterparties the option of entering into derivative contracts at future dates. Such options are exercisable monthly up until the settlement date of each monthly contract. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing natural gas derivative contracts will increase by 150,000 MMBtud at an average price of \$4.79 per MMBtu for each month of 2013.
- (5) EOG settled natural gas financial price swap contracts for the period January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014. In connection with these contracts, the counterparties retain an option of entering into derivative contracts at future dates. Such options are exercisable monthly up until the settlement date of each monthly contract. If the counterparties exercise all such options, the notional volume of EOG's existing natural gas derivative contracts will increase by 150,000 MMBtud at an average price of \$4.79 per MMBtu for each month of 2014.

Definitions

Bbl	Barrels per day.
\$/Bbl	Dollars per barrel.
MMBtud	Million British thermal units per day.
\$/MMBtu	Dollars per million British thermal units.

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
QUANTITATIVE RECONCILIATION OF NET DEBT (NON-GAAP) AND TOTAL CAPITALIZATION (NON-GAAP) AS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE NET DEBT-TO-TOTAL CAPITALIZATION RATIO (NON-GAAP) TO LONG-TERM DEBT (GAAP) AND TOTAL CAPITALIZATION (GAAP)
(Unaudited; in millions, except ratio data)

The following chart reconciles Long-Term Debt (GAAP) to Net Debt (Non-GAAP) and Total Capitalization (GAAP) to Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP), as used in the Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization ratio calculation. A portion of the cash is associated with international subsidiaries; tax considerations may impact debt payoff. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who utilize Net Debt and Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) in their Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization ratio calculation. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	June 30, 2012
Total Stockholders' Equity - (a)	\$ 13,355
Long-Term Debt - (b)	5,012
Less: Cash	(280)
Net Debt (Non-GAAP) - (c)	4,732
Total Capitalization (GAAP) - (a) + (b)	\$ 18,367

Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) - (a) + (c)	\$ <u>18,087</u>
Debt-to-Total Capitalization (GAAP) - (b) / [(a) + (b)]	<u>27%</u>
Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) - (c) / [(a) + (c)]	<u>26%</u>

EOG RESOURCES, INC.
THIRD QUARTER AND FULL YEAR 2012 FORECAST AND BENCHMARK COMMODITY PRICING

(a) Third Quarter and Full Year 2012 Forecast

The forecast items for the third quarter and full year 2012 set forth below for EOG Resources, Inc. (EOG) are based on current available information and expectations as of the date of the accompanying press release. EOG undertakes no obligation, other than as required by applicable law, to update or revise this forecast, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events, anticipated or unanticipated circumstances or otherwise. This forecast, which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying press release and EOG's related Current Report on Form 8-K filing, replaces and supersedes any previously issued guidance or forecast.

(b) Benchmark Commodity Pricing

EOG bases United States, Canada and Trinidad crude oil and condensate price differentials upon the West Texas Intermediate crude oil price at Cushing, Oklahoma, using the simple average of the NYMEX settlement prices for each trading day within the applicable calendar month.

EOG bases United States and Canada natural gas price differentials upon the natural gas price at Henry Hub, Louisiana, using the simple average of the NYMEX settlement prices for the last three trading days of the applicable month.

	ESTIMATED RANGES					
	(Unaudited)					
	<u>3Q 2012</u>			<u>Full Year 2012</u>		
Daily Production						
Crude Oil and Condensate Volumes (MBbld)						
United States	148.0	-	160.0	142.0	-	152.0
Canada	5.0	-	6.0	6.3	-	7.3
Trinidad	0.8	-	2.0	1.2	-	1.6
Other International	0.0	-	0.2	0.1	-	0.2
Total	153.8	-	168.2	149.6	-	161.1
Natural Gas Liquids Volumes (MBbld)						
United States	52.0	-	58.0	51.0	-	58.3
Canada	0.6	-	1.0	0.7	-	0.9
Total	52.6	-	59.0	51.7	-	59.2
Natural Gas Volumes (MMcfd)						
United States	1,000	-	1,025	1,021	-	1,041
Canada	80	-	100	89	-	99
Trinidad	333	-	362	358	-	373
Other International	8	-	10	10	-	11
Total	1,421	-	1,497	1,478	-	1,524
Crude Oil Equivalent Volumes (MBoed)						
United States	366.7	-	388.8	363.2	-	383.8
Canada	18.9	-	23.7	21.8	-	24.7
Trinidad	56.3	-	62.3	60.9	-	63.8
Other International	1.3	-	1.8	1.8	-	2.0
Total	443.2	-	476.6	447.7	-	474.3
Operating Costs						
Unit Costs (\$/Boe)						
Lease and Well	\$ 6.65	-	\$ 6.85	\$ 6.36	-	\$ 6.54
Transportation Costs	\$ 3.60	-	\$ 3.75	\$ 3.30	-	\$ 3.48
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	\$ 19.35	-	\$ 20.00	\$ 18.84	-	\$ 19.44
Expenses (\$MM)						
Exploration, Dry Hole and Impairment	\$ 122.0	-	\$ 142.0	\$ 476.2	-	\$ 516.2
General and Administrative	\$ 102.0	-	\$ 107.0	\$ 339.0	-	\$ 348.8
Gathering and Processing	\$ 23.2	-	\$ 27.2	\$ 93.6	-	\$ 101.6
Capitalized Interest	\$ 10.8	-	\$ 14.8	\$ 46.4	-	\$ 54.4
Net Interest	\$ 47.0	-	\$ 53.0	\$ 195.3	-	\$ 205.9
Taxes Other Than Income (% of Wellhead Revenue)	5.8%	-	6.4%	5.9%	-	6.3%

Income Taxes								
Effective Rate	35%	-	45%	35%	-	45%		
Current Taxes (\$MM)	\$	75	\$	90	\$	340		
Capital Expenditures (\$MM) - FY 2012 (Excluding Acquisitions)								
Exploration and Development, Excluding Facilities				\$	6,200	\$	6,300	
Exploration and Development Facilities				\$	630	\$	675	
Gathering, Processing and Other				\$	570	\$	600	
Pricing - (Refer to <i>Benchmark Commodity Pricing</i> in text)								
Crude Oil and Condensate (\$/Bbl)								
Differentials								
United States - (above) below WTI	\$	(2.00)	\$	(4.00)	\$	(1.29)	\$	(2.37)
Canada - (above) below WTI	\$	6.50	\$	8.00	\$	9.41	\$	10.17
Trinidad - (above) below WTI	\$	8.75	\$	10.25	\$	3.00	\$	4.00
Natural Gas Liquids								
Realizations as % of WTI								
United States		34%		40%		36%		39%
Canada		50%		54%		49%		51%
Natural Gas (\$/Mcf)								
Differentials								
United States - (above) below NYMEX Henry Hub	\$	0.15	\$	0.30	\$	0.20	\$	0.27
Canada - (above) below NYMEX Henry Hub	\$	0.57	\$	0.77	\$	0.37	\$	0.47
Realizations								
Trinidad	\$	3.30	\$	3.80	\$	2.96	\$	3.43
Other International	\$	5.00	\$	5.80	\$	5.36	\$	5.76
<u>Definitions</u>								
\$/Bbl U.S. Dollars per barrel								
\$/Boe U.S. Dollars per barrel of oil equivalent								
\$/Mcf U.S. Dollars per thousand cubic feet								
\$MM U.S. Dollars in millions								
MBbl/d Thousand barrels per day								
Mboed Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day								
MMcfd Million cubic feet per day								
NYMEX New York Mercantile Exchange								
WTI West Texas Intermediate								

SOURCE EOG Resources, Inc.

<https://investors.eogresources.com/2012-08-02-EOG-Resources-Reports-Second-Quarter-2012-Results-and-Increases-2012-Crude-Oil-Production-Growth-Target-to-37-Percent>